ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

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FINANCIAL SECTION

This section includes:

Independent Auditor's Report Management's Discussion and Analysis Basic Financial Statements Required Supplementary Information Other Supplementary Information Supplemental Schedules

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

This section includes the opinion of the Library's independent auditing firm.



Lauterbach & Amen, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

November 5, 2024

Members of the Board of Trustees Lisle Library District Lisle, Illinois

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lisle Library District, Illinois (the Library) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lisle Library District, Illinois, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Library, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Library's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements - Continued

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Library's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedules, and supplementary pension and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Lisle Library District of Lisle, Illinois' basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and supplemental schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and supplemental schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Lauterbach & Amen, LLP

LAUTERBACH & AMEN, LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

Our discussion and analysis of the Lisle Library District's (the Library) financial performance provides an overview of the Library's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the Library's basic financial statements, which can be found in the basic financial statements section of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The net position decreased by \$173,243 for the year ended June 30, 2024 compared to a net position of \$12,375,022 on June 30, 2023.
- During the year, government-wide revenues totaled \$4,538,503, while government-wide expenses totaled \$4,711,746, resulting in a decrease to net position of \$173,243.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the Library as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Library's finances.

For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Library's operation in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Library's most significant funds.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide readers with a broad overview of the Library's finances, in a matter similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position reports information on all of the Library's assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/ deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Library is improving or deteriorating. Consideration of other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the Library's property tax base, is needed to assess the overall health of the Library.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Both of the government-wide financial statements report functions of the Library that are principally supported by taxes and charges for services revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the Library include the public library function.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT - Continued

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Library, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Library only maintains governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Library's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Library maintains four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and Special Reserve Fund, both of which are considered major funds. Data from the other two governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The Library adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of the governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule for these funds has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following tables show that in the case of the Library, assets/deferred outflows exceeded liabilities/deferred liabilities by \$12,201,779.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - Continued

	Net Position			
	2024 2023			
Current and Other Assets	\$	8,321,720	8,241,970	
Capital Assets		9,069,929	9,464,393	
Total Assets		17,391,649	17,706,363	
Deferred Outflows		909,590	1,383,442	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows		18,301,239	19,089,805	
Long-Term Debt Outstanding		1,382,918	1,830,079	
Other Liabilities		202,527	587,704	
Total Liabilities		1,585,445	2,417,783	
Deferred Inflows		4,514,015	4,297,000	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows		6,099,460	6,714,783	
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets		8,149,929	8,504,393	
Restricted		306,423	360,054	
Unrestricted		3,745,427	3,510,575	
Total Net Position		12,201,779	12,375,022	

A large portion of the Library's net position, \$8,149,929, reflects its investment in capital assets (for example, land, buildings and improvements, library materials, and equipment and furnishings), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Library uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

An additional portion, \$306,423, of the Library's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining \$3,745,427 represents unrestricted net position and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - Continued

	Changes in Net Position				
	 2024 2023				
Revenues					
Program Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$ 12,643	8,223			
Operating Grants/Contributions	44,664	44,664			
General Revenues					
Property Taxes	4,294,894	4,092,555			
Personal Property Replacement	39,943	60,640			
Interest Income	109,116	176,834			
Miscellaneous	37,243	37,830			
Total Revenues	 4,538,503	4,420,746			
Expenses					
Public Library	4,686,346	4,553,823			
Interest and Fiscal Charges	25,400	9,735			
Total Expenses	4,711,746	4,563,558			
Change in Net Position	(173,243)	(142,812)			
Net Position - Beginning	 12,375,022	12,517,834			
Net Position - Ending	 12,201,779	12,375,022			

Net position of the Library's governmental activities decreased from \$12,375,022 to \$12,201,779.

Revenues of \$4,538,503 fell short of expenses of \$4,711,746, resulting in a decrease to net position in the current year of \$173,243.

Governmental Activities

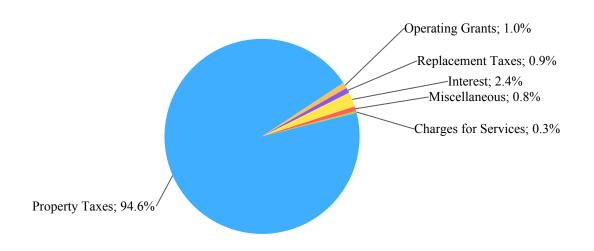
In the current year, governmental net position decreased \$173,243 or 1.4 percent. Expenses increased by \$148,188 in the current year (\$4,711,746 in 2024 compared to \$4,563,558 in 2023) mainly as a result in the increase in the overall public library expenses and interest and fiscal charges. This increase in expenses was offset by the overall increase in revenues of \$117,757, mainly due to increases in property taxes of \$202,339.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - Continued

Governmental Activities - Continued

The following table graphically depicts the major revenue sources of the Library. It depicts very clearly the reliance of property taxes to fund governmental activities.



Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities

The Library primarily relies on general revenues such as property taxes and personal property replacement taxes. In 2020, the Library abolished overdue fines which has affected desk revenue over the years. The Library regularly seeks grant opportunities and has relied on fundraising efforts to supplement revenues.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Library uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Library's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,569,990 which is 4.4 percent higher than last year's ending fund balance of \$3,419,099.

The General Fund reported an increase of \$282,355 and included a transfer to the Special Reserve Fund of \$120,000. The Special Reserve Fund reported a decrease of \$77,833, including the transfer from the General Fund of \$120,000. In the current year, total governmental fund balances increased by \$150,891.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, no supplemental amendments were made to the budget for the General Fund.

The General Fund actual revenues were higher than budgeted revenues. Actual revenues for the current year were \$4,342,044, compared to budgeted revenues of \$4,296,450. This resulted mainly from higher than expected interest income of \$48,117.

The General Fund actual expenditures were lower than budgeted expenditures. Actual expenditures totaled \$3,939,689 while budgeted expenditures totaled \$4,331,560. This resulted primarily from controlled spending in all expenditure categories, and the retirements of employees replaced by staff who were compensated at a lower rate of pay.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The Library's net investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2024 was \$9,069,929 (net of accumulated depreciation). This net investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, library materials, and equipment and furnishings.

	Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation			
	2024 202		2023	
Land	\$	535,528	535,528	
Library Materials		663,025	718,551	
Buildings and Improvements		7,335,993	7,604,116	
Equipment and Furnishings		535,383	606,198	
Total		9,069,929	9,464,393	
This year's additions to capital assets included:				

Library Materials \$ 337,758

Additional information on the Library's capital assets can be found in Note 3 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At year-end, the Library had total outstanding debt of \$920,000 as compared to \$960,000 the previous year, a decrease of 4.2 percent. The following is a comparative statement of outstanding debt:

	Long-Term			
	 Debt Outstanding			
	2024 2023			
Debt Certificates	\$ 920,000	960,000		

The District maintains an Aa1 rating from Moody's for general obligation debt. This rating has not changed. State statutes limit the amount of general obligation governmental entity may issue to 2.875 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limit for the District is \$41,186,261.

Additional information on the Library's long-term debt can be found in Note 3 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The Library's elected officials and staff considered many factors when setting the FY 2024/25 budget. Those factors include tax rates, patron services, resources, and capital improvement projects. The Library is faced with similar economic challenges as other local municipalities, including inflation and the retention of qualified staff. The Library is committed to providing high quality library services to its constituents, while remaining a fiscally responsible unit of government.

The Library's renovation project was closed-out in FY24/25. The Library's elected officials are planning a capital improvement project for a lot of vacant land that the Library owns. Plans for the lot are currently being discussed in Board meetings. The Library is working with an owner's representative to plan, budget, and manage this project. The Library shall rely on its investment and public finance firms to properly plan, document, and track upcoming project costs. The goal of this project is to optimize the use of vacant land to create an improved programming space and allow for more efficient parking during large-scale programs. The Library will also explore grant opportunities in relation to developing the vacant land.

The Library completed its Decennial Report as required by the Illinois Local Government Efficiency Act. The report outlines the Library's financial, operational, and transparency-related efficiency efforts. The report was filed with DuPage County and is also accessible via <u>lislelibrary.org</u>.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Library's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Director, Tatiana Weinstein at the Lisle Library District, 777 Front Street, Lisle, IL 60532 | tatiana@lislelibrary.org | 630-971-1675.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial Statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

See Following Page

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities	
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and Investments	\$ 5,917,874	
Receivables - Net of Allowances		
Property Taxes	2,148,499	
Prepaids	158,897	
Total Current Assets	8,225,270	
Noncurrent Assets Capital Assets		
Nondepreciable	535,528	
Depreciable	13,667,878	
Accumulated Depreciation	(5,133,477)	
Total Noncurrent Assets	9,069,929	
Other Assets		
Net Pension Asset - IMRF	96,450	
Total Noncurrent Assets	9,166,379	
Total Assets	17,391,649	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Items - IMRF	909,590	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	18,301,239	

	Governmental Activities
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	\$ 93,285
Accrued Payroll	47,980
Accrued Interest	12,500
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	48,762
Total Current Liabilities	202,527
Noncurrent Liabilities Compensated Absences Payable	35,050
Total OPEB Liability - RBP	467,868
Debt Certificates Payable	880,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,382,918
Total Liabilities	1,585,445
	1,000,110
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Taxes	4,514,015
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,099,460
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	8,149,929
Restricted	
IMRF	137,924
Social Security	168,499
Unrestricted	3,745,427
	10 001 550
Total Net Position	12,201,779

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Expenses	Charges for Services	Net (Expenses)/ Revenues and Changes in Net Position		
Governmental Activities Public Library Interest and Fiscal Charges	\$ 4,686,346 25,400	12,643	44,664		(4,629,039) (25,400)
Total Governmental Activities	 4,711,746	12,643	44,664		(4,654,439)

General Revenues	
Taxes	
Property Taxes	4,294,894
Intergovernmental - Unrestricted	
Replacement Taxes	39,943
Interest Income	109,116
Miscellaneous	37,243
	4,481,196
Change in Net Position	(173,243)
	10.075.000
Net Position - Beginning	12,375,022
Net Position - Ending	12,201,779

Balance Sheet June 30, 2024

	General	Capital Projects Special Reserve	Nonmajor	Totals
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$ 4,902,286	585,614	429,974	5,917,874
Receivables - Net of Allowances	¢ 1,902,200	505,011	129,971	5,917,071
Property Taxes	2,040,768	_	107,731	2,148,499
Prepaids	158,897	_		158,897
Total Assets	7,101,951	585,614	537,705	8,225,270
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	55,621	32,728	4,936	93,285
Accrued Payroll	47,980			47,980
Total Liabilities	103,601	32,728	4,936	141,265
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Property Taxes	4,287,669		226,346	4,514,015
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,391,270	32,728	231,282	4,655,280
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	158,897		—	158,897
Restricted			306,423	306,423
Committed	_	552,886	_	552,886
Unassigned	2,551,784	—	—	2,551,784
Total Fund Balances	2,710,681	552,886	306,423	3,569,990
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and				
Fund Balances	7,101,951	585,614	537,705	8,225,270

Reconciliation of Total Fund Balance to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

Total Fund Balances	\$ 3,569,990
Amounts reported in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	9,069,929
A net pension asset is not considered to represent a financial resource and therefore is not reported in the funds.	
Net Pension Asset - IMRF	96,450
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions not reported in the funds.	
Deferred Items - IMRF	909,590
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Compensated Absences Payable	(43,812)
Total OPEB Liability	(467,868)
Debt Certificates Payable	(920,000)
Accrued Interest Payable	 (12,500)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	 12,201,779

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Capital Projects		
		Special		
	General	Reserve	Nonmajor	Totals
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$ 4,121,935	_	172,959	4,294,894
TIF Revenues	32,139			32,139
Replacement Taxes	37,442	_	2,501	39,943
Charges for Services	12,643			12,643
Grants and Donations	44,664			44,664
Interest Income	88,117	12,673	8,326	109,116
Miscellaneous	5,104	, 		5,104
Total Revenues	4,342,044	12,673	183,786	4,538,503
Expenditures				
Public Library	3,188,401	_	237,417	3,425,818
Capital Outlay	685,488	210,506		895,994
Debt Service	000,100	210,500		0,0,0,0
Principal Retirement	40,000			40,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	25,800			25,800
Total Expenditures	3,939,689	210,506	237,417	4,387,612
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	402,355	(197,833)	(53,631)	150,891
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
•		120,000		120,000
Transfers In Transfers Out	(120,000)	120,000		120,000
Transfers Out	(120,000) (120,000)	120,000		(120,000)
	(120,000)	120,000		
Net Change in Fund Balances	282,355	(77,833)	(53,631)	150,891
Fund Balances - Beginning	2,428,326	630,719	360,054	3,419,099
Fund Balances - Ending	2,710,681	552,886	306,423	3,569,990

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 150,891
Amounts reported in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlays	337,758
Depreciation Expense	(732,222)
Disposals - Cost Disposals - Accumulated Depreciation	(408,643) 408,643
An addition to a net pension asset is not considered to be an increase in a	
financial asset in the governmental funds. Change in Net Pension Asset - IMRF	458,118
The net effect of deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related	
to the pensions not reported in the funds.	
Change in Deferred Items - IMRF	(473,852)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds.	
Change in Compensated Absences	851
Change in Total OPEB Liability - RBP	44,813
Debt Issuance	40,000
Changes to accrued interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not	
reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	 400
Changes in Net Position	 (173,243)

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Lisle Library District (the Library), Lisle, Illinois provides services primarily to citizens of the District of Lisle, Illinois, including lending or renting materials to adults and children to meet their informational, recreations, and educational needs. The government-wide financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP in the United States for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant of the Library's accounting policies established in GAAP in the United States and used by the Library are described below.

REPORTING ENTITY

The Library is governed by a publicly elected seven-member board of trustees. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations, even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is both legally and substantively separate from the government. Management has determined that there are no fiduciary component units that are required to be included in the financial statements of the Village as pension trust funds and there are no discretely component units to include in the reporting entity.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of the Library's functions. The Library's activities are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, which include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment.

The financial transactions of the Library are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures. The Library accounts for all of its activities in governmental funds, with the emphasis in the fund financial statements being on the major funds.

Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures of either fund category) for the determination of major funds. The following fund types are used by the Library:

Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Library:

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION - Continued

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements - Continued

Governmental Funds - Continued

General Fund is the general operating fund of the Library. It is used to account for all financial resources, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Library reports the General Fund as a major fund.

Special revenues funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Library maintains two special revenue funds and are reported as nonmajor.

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. The Library reports the Special Reserve Fund as a major fund.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined below.

All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets/ deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

The accounting objectives of the "economic resources" measurement focus is the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability/deferred inflows is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets/deferred outflows, and liabilities/deferred inflows resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - Continued

Basis of Accounting - Continued

In the fund financial statements, funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year-end. The Library recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in accordance with GASB Codification Section P70. A sixty day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other fund revenues. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability/deferred inflow is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are recognized when due.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, interest revenue, and charges for services. All other revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, the Library's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase.

Investments are generally reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. For investments, the Library categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Receivables

In the government-wide financial statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivables balances include property taxes.

Prepaids

Prepaids are valued at cost, which approximates market. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaids in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY - Continued

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the Library as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund and capitalized in the Statement of Net Position. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement costs.

Depreciation on all assets is computed and recorded using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements	20 - 40 Years
Library Materials	25 Years
Equipment and Furnishings	5 - 10 Years

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflow/inflow of resources represents a consumption/acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense)/inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

Compensated Absences

The Library's policy allows employees of the Library can accumulate up to 75 hours of vacation time that is payable upon termination. This liability is accounted for as a governmental activity on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY - Continued

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted - Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted - All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumption that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgets and appropriations for all funds are prepared on the same basis and use the same accounting practices as are used in the fund financial statements. For each fund, total fund expenditures disbursed may not legally exceed the appropriated amounts. The budget lapses at the end of each fiscal year. The Library follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- The Appropriation Ordinance is prepared in tentative form by the Treasurer and is made available for public inspection at least 30 days prior to final Board action. By the fourth Tuesday in September, a public hearing is held on the tentative Appropriation Ordinance to obtain taxpayer comments and pass the Ordinance in final form.
- The Board of Trustees may:
 - Adopt a supplemental Appropriation Ordinance for revenues which become available, or are estimated to become available, subsequent to the adoption of the annual Appropriation Ordinance.
 - After six months of the fiscal year, by two-thirds vote, transfer any appropriation item it anticipates being unexpended to any other appropriation item.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY - Continued

BUDGETARY INFORMATION - Continued

- The Library Board may accumulate and set apart, as reserve funds, for the purchase, construction, rental and/or repair of Library buildings and equipment, the unexpended balances of the proceeds annually received from taxes, not to exceed the statutory limits, provided the Library Board in its annual Appropriation specifies that a specific fund is to be or is being accumulated for this purpose.
- The Library does not use the encumbrance method of accounting. Budgetary funds are controlled by an integrated budgetary accounting system, in accordance with various legal requirements which govern the Library.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Library maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as "cash and investments."

Permitted Deposits and Investments - Statutes authorize the Library to make deposits/invest in commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, obligations of States and their political subdivisions, credit union shares, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund, and the Illinois Funds.

The Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund (IMET) is a non-for-profit investment trust formed pursuant to the Illinois Municipal Code. IMET is managed by a Board of Trustees elected from the participating members. IMET is not registered with the SEC as an Investment Company. Investments in IMET are valued at the share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the Illinois public Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. The Illinois Funds is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at the share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

Deposits. At year-end, the carrying amount of the Library's deposits totaled \$5,774,505 and the bank balances totaled \$5,840,106.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Investments. At year-end, the Library had the following investments:

		Investment Ma Years	
	Fair	Less Than	
Investment Type	Value	1	1-5
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$ 56,340	56,340	_
Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund	3,227	3,227	_
Illinois Funds	 83,802	83,802	
	 143,369	143,369	

The Library has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2024:

- U.S. Treasury Securities of \$56,340 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)
- Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund of \$3,227 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)
- Illinois Funds of \$83,802 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Library's investment policy states that the investment portfolio shall remain sufficiently liquid to enable the Library to meet all operating requirements which may be reasonably anticipated in any Library fund. Investment maturities in all funds shall be limited to a maximum maturity of twenty-four (24) months from the date of purchase. Investments in other funds may be purchased with maturities to match future project or liability requirements. However, any investment purchased with a maturity longer than two (2) years must be supported by written documentation explaining the reason for the purchase and must be specifically pre-authorized by the Finance Committee.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Besides investing in security instruments authorized under State Statute, the Library's investment policy further states that safety of principal is the foremost objective of the Library. At year-end, the Library's investments in the Illinois Funds was rated AAAmmf by Fitch, the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Trust Convenience Fund is not rated, and the Illinois Metropolitan Core Fund Series is rated Aaa/bf by Moody's.

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Library's deposits may not be returned to it. The Library's investment policy states that time deposits in excess of FDIC or SAIF insurable limits be secured by some form of collateral, with a third party safekeeping agreement for all collateral. At year-end, the entire amount of the bank balance of deposits was covered by collateral, federal depository or equivalent insurance.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

For an investment, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Library will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Library's investment policy does not mitigate custodial credit risk for investments. At year-end, the Library's investments in U.S. Government Agencies are all insured or registered with the Library or its agent in the Library's name and the Library's investment in the Illinois Fund is subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration Risk. This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Library's investment in a single issuer. The Library's investment policy states that the Library shall diversify its investments to avoid incurring unreasonable risks regarding specific security types and/or individual institutions. Furthermore, no financial institution shall hold more than twenty percent (20%) of the Library's investment portfolio, exclusive of U.S. Treasury securities and collateralized investments held in safekeeping. Commercial paper shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the Library's investment portfolio and the Illinois Public Treasurer's Investment Pool shall not exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of the investment portfolio. At year-end, the Library does not have any investments over 5 percent of the total cash and investment portfolio (other than investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments).

PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes for 2023 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by DuPage County and are payable in two installments, on or about June 1 and September 1. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically. The allowance for uncollectible taxes has been stated at 1% of the tax levy, to reflect actual collection experience.

INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Transfers are used to use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

 Transfer In	Transfer Out	Amount	
 Special Reserve	General	\$	120,000

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	E	Beginning			Ending
]	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Nondepreciable Capital Assets					
Land	\$	535,528			535,528
Depreciable Capital Assets					
Buildings and Improvements		11,028,017		—	11,028,017
Library Materials		1,832,984	337,758	408,643	1,762,099
Equipment and Furnishings		877,762		—	877,762
		13,738,763	337,758	408,643	13,667,878
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Buildings and Improvements		3,423,901	268,123	_	3,692,024
Library Materials		1,114,433	393,284	408,643	1,099,074
Equipment and Furnishings		271,564	70,815	_	342,379
		4,809,898	732,222	408,643	5,133,477
Total Net Depreciable Capital Assets		8,928,865	(394,464)		8,534,401
Total Net Capital Assets		9,464,393	(394,464)		9,069,929

Depreciation expense of \$732,222 was charged to the public library function.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT

Debt Certificates

The Library issues debt certificates to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. Debt certificates currently outstanding are as follows:

	Be	eginning			Ending
Issue	В	alances	Issuances	Retirements	Balances
General Obligation Limited Tax Debt Certificate of 2021 - Due in annual installments of \$35,000 to \$65,000 plus interest at 2.00% to 3.00% through January 1, 2042.	\$	960,000		40,000	920,000

Long-Term Liability Activity

Changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year were as follows:

	Designing			F udin a	Amounts
	Beginning			Ending	Due within
Type of Debt	Balances	Additions	Deductions	Balances	One Year
Compensated Absences	\$ 44,663	851	1,702	43,812	8,762
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - IMRF	361,668		458,118	(96,450)	
Total OPEB Liability	512,681		44,813	467,868	
Debt Certificates	 960,000	_	40,000	920,000	40,000
	 1,879,012	851	544,633	1,335,230	48,762

The compensated absences, the net pension liability/(asset), the total OPEB liability, and the debt certificates are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, are as follows:

	Debt					
Fiscal	 Certificates					
Year	Principal	Interest				
2025	\$ 40,000	25,000				
2026	40,000	24,200				
2027	45,000	23,400				
2028	45,000	22,500				
2029	45,000	21,600				
2030	45,000	20,700				
2031	45,000	19,800				
2032	50,000	18,450				
2033	50,000	16,950				
2034	50,000	15,450				
2035	50,000	13,950				
2036	55,000	12,450				
2037	55,000	10,800				
2038	55,000	9,150				
2039	60,000	7,500				
2040	60,000	5,700				
2041	65,000	3,900				
2042	 65,000	975				
	 920,000	272,475				

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Legal Debt Margin

Chapter 65, Section 5/8-5-1 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes provides, "...no municipality having a population of less than 500,000 shall become indebted in any manner or for any purpose, to an amount, including existing indebtedness in the aggregate exceeding 2.875% on the value of the taxable property therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county purposes, previous to the incurring of the indebtedness or, until January 1, 1983, if greater, the sum that is produced by multiplying the municipality's 1978 equalized assessed valuation by the debt limitation percentage in effect on January 1, 1979."

Assessed Valuation - 2023	\$ 1,432,565,614
Legal Debt Limit - 2.875% of Assessed Value Amount of Debt Applicable to Limit	41,186,261
Debt Certificates	920,000
Legal Debt Margin	40,266,261

NET POSITION CLASSIFICATION

Net investment in capital assets was comprised of the following as of June 30, 2024:

Governmental Activities	
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 9,069,929
Less Capital Related Debt:	
General Obligation Limited Tax Debt Certificate of 2021	 (920,000)
Net Investment in Capital Assets	8,149,929

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

In the governmental funds financial statements, the Library considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The Library first utilizes committed, then assigned and then unassigned fund balance when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which all three unrestricted fund balances are available.

Nonspendable Fund Balance. Consists of resources that cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in a spendable form; or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance. Consists of resources that are restricted to specific purposes, that is, when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance. Consists of resources constrained (issuance of an ordinance) to specific purposes by the government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority, the Library's Board; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned Fund Balance. Consists of amounts that are constrained by the Library's Boards' intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by a) the Library's Board itself or b) a body or official to which the Library's Board has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The Library's highest level of decision-making authority is the Library's Board, who is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose.

Unassigned Fund Balance. Consists of residual net resources of a fund that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund and deficit fund balances of other governmental funds.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy. The Library's policy manual states that the General Fund should maintain a minimum fund balance equal to six months of budgeted operating expenditures. All other funds should maintain a minimum of three months of budgeted expenditures.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS - Continued

The following is a schedule of fund balance classifications for the governmental funds as of the date of this report:

	- General	Capital Projects Special Reserve	Nonmajor	Totals
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable				
Prepaids	\$ 158,897			158,897
Restricted IMRF		_	137,924	137,924
Social Security			168,499	168,499
	 		306,423	306,423
Committed Capital Projects	 	552,886		552,886
Unassigned	 2,551,784			2,551,784
Total Fund Balances	 2,710,681	552,886	306,423	3,569,990

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Library is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Library carries commercial insurance for all risks of loss including worker's compensation and employee health insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in the past three fiscal years.

Litigation

The Library is not a defendant in any lawsuits.

Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Library expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)

The Library contributes to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), a defined benefit agent multipleemployer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for local governments and school districts in Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not by individual employer. That report may be obtained online at <u>www.imrf.org</u>. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly.

Plan Descriptions

Plan Administration. All hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

Benefits Provided. IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Plan Descriptions - Continued

Benefits Provided - Continued. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Plan Membership. As of December 31, 2023, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	68
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	39
Active Plan Members	37
Total	144

Contributions. As set by statute, the Library's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. For the year-ended June 30, 2024, the Library's contribution was 2.46% of covered payroll.

Net Pension (Asset). The Library's net pension (asset) was measured as of December 31, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Plan Descriptions - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed, as of December 31, 2023, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value
Actuarial Assumptions Interest Rate	7.25%
Salary Increases	2.85% to 13.75%
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.75%
Inflation	2.25%

For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 108.0%) and Female (adjusted 106.4%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Plan Descriptions - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions - Continued

		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target	Rate of Return
Fixed Income	24.50%	4.75%
Domestic Equities	34.50%	5.00%
International Equities	18.00%	6.35%
Real Estate	10.50%	6.30%
Blended	11.50%	6.05% - 8.65%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1.00%	3.80%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%, the same as the prior valuation. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Library contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all project future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability/(asset) to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the net pension liability/(asset) of the Library calculated using the discount rate as well as what the Library's net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current			
	19	% Decrease (6.25%)	Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
		(0.2370)	(7.2370)	(0.2370)
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	1,480,374	(96,450)	(1,367,671)

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Changes in the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

	 Total Pension Liability (A)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)	Net Pension Liability/ (Asset) (A) - (B)
Balances at December 31, 2022	\$ 13,674,512	13,312,844	361,668
Changes for the Year:			
Service Cost	176,225	_	176,225
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	966,316	_	966,316
Difference Between Expected and Actual			
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	3,374	_	3,374
Changes of Assumptions	1,776	_	1,776
Contributions - Employer		38,962	(38,962)
Contributions - Employees		88,550	(88,550)
Net Investment Income		1,503,773	(1,503,773)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds			
of Employee Contributions	(868,256)	(868,256)	_
Other (Net Transfer)	 	(25,476)	25,476
Net Changes	 279,435	737,553	(458,118)
Balances at December 31, 2023	 13,953,947	14,050,397	(96,450)

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Library recognized pension expense of \$81,062. At June 30, 2024, the Library reported deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - Continued

	Ou	Deferred atflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Totals
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	63,923		63,923
Change in Assumptions		1,153	_	1,153
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		788,781	_	788,781
Total Expense to be Recognized in Future Periods		853,857		853,857
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent				
to the Measurement Date		55,733		55,733
Total Deferred Amounts Related to IMRF		909,590		909,590

\$55,733 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended June 30, 2025. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

	Net Deferre Outflows/	
Fiscal	(Inflows)	
Year	of Resource	es
2025	\$ 138,55	9
2026	270,03	9
2027	558,53	4
2028	(113,275	5)
2029	_	
Thereafter		_
Total	853,85	7

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description. The Library's defined benefit OPEB plan, Lisle Library District's Retiree Benefit Plan (RBP), provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general employees of the Library. RBP is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Library. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the Library Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided. RBP provides healthcare, dental, vision, and life benefits for retirees and their dependents. Retirees and spousal/dependent may continue these benefits through COBRA provisions until the Medicare age. Coverage is secondary to Medicare once retiree is eligible.

Plan Membership. As of June 30, 2024, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	2
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	
Active Plan Members	29
Total	31

Total OPEB Liability

The Library's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2024.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.25%
Salary Increases	2.50%
Discount Rate	3.93%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	7.60% for 2024, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.0% for 2034 and later years.
Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs	100% of projected health insurance premiums for retirees.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Total OPEB Liability - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs - Continued. The discount rate was based on a combination of the Expected Long-Term Rate of Return on Plan Assets and the Municipal Bond Rate..

Mortality rates were based on PubG-2010(B) Improved Generationally using MP-2020 Improvement Rates, weighted per IMRF Experience Study Report dated December 14, 2020; Age 83 for Males, Age 87 for Females.

Change in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability	
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	512,681
Changes for the Year:		
Service Cost		3,329
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability		18,217
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience		(37,751)
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs		(1,438)
Benefit Payments		(27,170)
Net Changes		(44,813)
Balance at June 30, 2024		467,868

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.93%, and 3.65% in the previous year. The following presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

	Current			
	1%	Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
		(2.93%)	(3.93%)	(4.93%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	509,924	467,868	430,019

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using a Healthcare Trend Rate of varied rates. as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Healthcare Trend Rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

			Rates	
	1%	Decrease	decreasing to	1% Increase
		(Varies)	(Varies)	(Varies)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	415,808	467,868	530,499

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

Per GASB Statement No. 75, under the Alternative Measurement Method, changes in Total OPEB Liability are immediately recognized as expense, resulting in no deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Library recognized OPEB revenue of \$17,643.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

Schedule of Employer Contributions Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability/(Asset) Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability Retiree Benefits Plan

Budgetary Comparison Schedules General Fund

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Information - Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Schedule of Employer Contributions June 30, 2024

Fiscal Year	De	ctuarially etermined ntribution	in 1 the D	ntributions Relation to Actuarially etermined ontribution	ntribution Excess/ eficiency)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2015	\$	233,754	\$	446,445	\$ 212,691	\$ 1,687,754	26.45%
2016		217,559		417,559	200,000	1,789,131	23.34%
2017		207,454		407,454	200,000	1,844,038	22.10%
2018		193,950		393,950	200,000	1,897,760	20.76%
2019		158,227		208,227	50,000	1,973,978	10.55%
2020		154,606		204,606	50,000	1,997,521	10.24%
2021		155,052		155,052	_	1,949,407	7.95%
2022		117,469		117,469	_	1,933,780	6.07%
2023		65,328		65,328	_	1,942,019	3.36%
2024		49,468		49,468		2,008,674	2.46%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information:

Actuarial Cost Method	Aggregate Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level % Pay (Closed)
Remaining Amortization Period	20 Years
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year Smoothed Fair Value
Inflation	2.25%
Salary Increases	2.75% to 13.75%, Including Inflation
Investment Rate of Return	7.25%
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2020 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2017-2019.
Mortality	For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability/(Asset) June 30, 2024

		12/31/2014	12/31/2015	12/31/2016
Total Pension Liability				
Service Cost	\$	205,949	192,393	198,379
Interest	Ψ	682,924	731,221	769,533
Changes in Benefit Terms		(179,567)	131,639	(15,995)
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		442,348	11,769	(12,132)
Change of Assumptions				(,)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions		(428,634)	(573,186)	(517,799)
Not Change in Total Dansien Liebility		722 020	402 926	421.096
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		723,020	493,836	421,986
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		9,216,992	9,940,012	10,433,848
Total Pension Liability - Ending		9,940,012	10,433,848	10,855,834
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - Employer	\$	446,445	417,559	407,454
Contributions - Members		80,073	80,511	84,258
Net Investment Income		538,607	47,016	658,956
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions		(428,634)	(573,186)	(517,799)
Other (Net Transfer)		23,514	139,110	46,551
		< < 0 0 0 7		
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		660,005	111,010	679,420
Plan Net Position - Beginning		8,780,675	9,440,680	9,551,690
Plan Net Position - Ending		9,440,680	9,551,690	10,231,110
Employer's Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	499,332	882,158	624,724
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the				
Total Pension Liability		94.98%	91.55%	94.25%
	¢	1 (07 754	1 500 101	1.044.020
Covered Payroll	\$	1,687,754	1,789,131	1,844,038
Employer's Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of				
Covered Payroll		29.59%	49.31%	33.88%

12/31/2017	12/31/2018	12/31/2019	12/31/2020	12/31/2021	12/31/2022	12/31/2023
201 154	105 042	212 220	200.268	102 144	170 041	176 225
201,154	195,943 822 454	213,339	200,268	193,144	178,841	176,225
795,236 444,594	823,454 42,065	844,588	867,136	895,886	932,792	966,316
(370,460)	312,125	(8,051)	244,782	239,194	207,360	3,374
(370,400)	512,125		(162,620)	239,194	207,500	1,776
(706,518)	(676,856)	(747,496)	(717,169)	(781,751)	(842,302)	(868,256)
(700,510)	(070,000)	(/1/,1/0)	(/1/,10))	(/01,/01)	(012,302)	(000,200)
364,006	696,731	302,380	432,397	546,473	476,691	279,435
10,855,834	11,219,840	11,916,571	12,218,951	12,651,348	13,197,821	13,674,512
· · · · ·						
11,219,840	11,916,571	12,218,951	12,651,348	13,197,821	13,674,512	13,953,947
393,950	181,804	233,656	174,420	139,559	94,547	38,962
85,399	87,687	89,769	89,192	88,063	86,653	88,550
1,838,864	(752,990)	2,139,555	1,873,272	2,461,766	(2,209,770)	1,503,773
(706,518)	(676,856)	(747,496)	(717,169)	(781,751)	(842,302)	(868,256)
(73,706)	238,133	113,113	91,923	86,396	2,571	(25,476)
1,537,989	(922,222)	1,828,597	1,511,638	1,994,033	(2,868,301)	737,553
10,231,110	11,769,099	10,846,877	12,675,474	14,187,112	16,181,145	13,312,844
11 760 000	10 946 977	12 675 474	14 107 112	16 101 145	12 212 044	14.050.207
11,769,099	10,846,877	12,675,474	14,187,112	16,181,145	13,312,844	14,050,397
(549,259)	1,069,694	(456,523)	(1,535,764)	(2,983,324)	361,668	(96,450)
104.90%	91.02%	103.74%	112.14%	122.60%	97.36%	100.69%
1,897,760	1,948,600	1,994,862	1,982,046	1,935,635	1,925,617	1,967,792
(28.94%)	54.90%	(22.88%)	(77.48%)	(154.13%)	18.78%	(4.90%)

Retiree Benefit Plan Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability June 30, 2024

				;
		6/30/2022	6/30/2023	6/30/2024
Total OPEB Liability				
Service Cost	\$	4,268	3,480	3,329
Interest		13,723	18,170	18,217
Changes in Benefit Terms				
Differences Between Expected and Actual				
Experience		_	—	(37,751)
Change of Assumptions or Other Inputs		(109,094)	(6,597)	(1,438)
Benefit Payments		(30,621)	(31,282)	(27,170)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		(121,724)	(16,229)	(44,813)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		650,634	528,910	512,681
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	_	528,910	512,681	467,868
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	1,948,335	1,816,753	1,800,724
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		27.15%	28.22%	25.98%

Notes:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Changes of Assumptions. Changes in assumptions related to the discount rate were made from 2022 through 2024.

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budg	at	
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues			
Property Taxes	\$ 4,124,600	4,124,600	4,121,935
TIF Revenues	30,000	30,000	32,139
Replacement Taxes	40,000	40,000	37,442
Charges for Services	12,250	12,250	12,643
Grants and Donations	45,000	45,000	44,664
Interest Income	40,000	40,000	88,117
Miscellaneous	4,600	4,600	5,104
Total Revenues	4,296,450	4,296,450	4,342,044
Expenditures			
Public Library			
Employee Costs	2,620,000	2,620,000	2,472,722
Building Costs	263,210	263,210	234,861
Operating Costs	218,000	218,000	170,100
Insurance	59,325	59,325	48,465
Contractual Services	198,000	198,000	162,417
Personnel Development	29,525	29,525	13,667
Programs	47,000	47,000	41,005
Restricted	50,000	50,000	45,164
Contingency	25,000	25,000	—
Capital Outlay	755,500	755,500	685,488
Debt Service			
Principal Retirement	40,000	40,000	40,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	26,000	26,000	25,800
Total Expenditures	4,331,560	4,331,560	3,939,689
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(35,110)	(35,110)	402,355
Other Financing (Uses)			
Transfers Out	(60,000)	(60,000)	(120,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(95,110)	(95,110)	282,355
Fund Balance - Beginning			2,428,326
Fund Balance - Ending			2,710,681

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedules include:

Budgetary Comparison Schedules - Major Governmental Fund

Combining Statements - Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Budgetary Comparison Schedules - Nonmajor Governmental Funds

INDIVIDUAL FUND DESCRIPTIONS

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than fiduciary funds or capital project funds) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

The Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund is used to account for expenditures related to IMRF.

Social Security Fund

The Social Security Fund is used to account for expenditures related to social security.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Capital projects funds are used to account for all resources used for the acquisition of capital facilities and equipment.

Special Reserve Fund

The Special Reserve Fund is used to account for all resources used for the acquisition of capital assets by the Library, including general and infrastructure capital assets.

Special Reserve - Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Budge	et	
		Original	Final	Actual
Revenues Interest Income	\$	20,000	20,000	12,673
interest income	ψ	20,000	20,000	12,075
Expenditures				
Capital Outlay		1,060,000	1,060,000	210,506
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,040,000)	(1,040,000)	(197,833)
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers In		60,000	60,000	120,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		(980,000)	(980,000)	(77,833)
Fund Balance - Beginning				630,719
Fund Balance - Ending				552,886

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue		
	 Illinois	venue	
	Municipal	Social	
	Retirement	Security	Totals
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments	\$ 165,467	264,507	429,974
Receivables - Net of Allowances Property Taxes	 23,863	83,868	107,731
Total Assets	 189,330	348,375	537,705
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	1,266	3,670	4,936
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Property Taxes	 50,140	176,206	226,346
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	51,406	179,876	231,282
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted	 137,924	168,499	306,423
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of			
Resources and Fund Balances	 189,330	348,375	537,705

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue				
		Municipal	Social		
		Retirement	Security	Totals	
Revenues					
Property Taxes	\$		172,959	172,959	
Replacement Taxes		2,161	340	2,501	
Interest Income		3,593	4,733	8,326	
Total Revenues		5,754	178,032	183,786	
Expenditures					
Public Library					
Employee Costs		75,723	161,694	237,417	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(69,969)	16,338	(53,631)	
Fund Balances - Beginning		207,893	152,161	360,054	
Fund Balances - Ending		137,924	168,499	306,423	

Illinois Municipal Retirement - Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues			
Replacement Taxes	1,500	1,500	2,161
Interest Income	1,500	1,500	3,593
Total Revenues	3,000	3,000	5,754
Expenditures Public Library Employee Costs	80,000	80,000	75,723
Net Change in Fund Balance	(77,000)	(77,000)	(69,969)
Fund Balance - Beginning			207,893
Fund Balance - Ending			137,924

Social Security - Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budg		
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues			
Property Taxes	\$ 173,305	173,305	172,959
Replacement Taxes	250	250	340
Interest Income	1,500	1,500	4,733
Total Revenues	175,055	175,055	178,032
Expenditures			
Public Library			
Employee Costs	178,000	178,000	161,694
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,945)	(2,945)	16,338
Fund Balance - Beginning			152,161
Fund Balance - Ending			168,499

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

General Governmental Revenues by Source - Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2024

See Following Page

General Governmental Revenues by Source - Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2024

	2015	2016	2017
/enues			
erty Taxes	\$ 4,620,777	4,728,861	4,868,951
Revenue	44,926	45,899	45,454
ment Taxes	19,341	17,621	19,763
Services	55,238	57,937	54,836
Donations	35,700	21,972	520
t Income (Loss)	66,382	66,889	68,001
	 15,496	4,477	580
S	 4,857,860	4,943,656	5,058,105

Data Source: Library Records

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
4,868,674	4,355,579	4,138,681	3,981,235	4,022,647	4,092,555	4,294,894
42,866	50,982	34,509	32,563	31,560	31,756	32,139
16,387	17,728	19,405	24,613	53,649	60,640	39,943
47,645	42,639	19,417	9,369	23,905	8,223	12,643
22,419	36,763	35,630	35,630	42,043	44,664	44,664
104,938	249,427	214,443	33,825	(1,454)	176,834	109,116
4,103	—	—	4,618	27,039	6,074	5,104
5,107,032	4,753,118	4,462,085	4,121,853	4,199,389	4,420,746	4,538,503

General Governmental Expenditures by Function - Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2024

	0015	0016	2017
	 2015	2016	2017
Expenditures			
Public Library			
Employee Costs	\$ 2,941,909	2,921,243	2,993,256
Building Costs	207,265	220,308	267,694
Operating Costs	192,354	176,770	191,721
Contractual Services	183,069	162,699	178,534
Restricted	35,630	35,629	21,972
Contingency	779	11,238	_
Capital Outlay	594,266	615,573	633,858
Debt Service			
Principal Retirement		_	_
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 		
Total Expenditures	4,155,272	4,143,460	4,287,035

Data Source: Library Records

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
3,000,285	2,750,189	2,788,329	2,732,690	2,668,760	2,609,279	2,710,139
256,337	238,812	228,250	228,473	218,961	241,392	234,861
177,576	94,216	112,404	144,738	156,751	173,363	170,100
133,927	174,265	198,079	215,620	218,902	237,455	265,554
22,131	85,358	85,630	35,647	72,197	47,593	45,164
1,926	16,260	17,850	_	13,882	_	
651,027	855,297	913,210	833,860	2,433,438	6,074,678	895,994
	_	_	_	_	35,000	40,000
	_	_	_	38,825	13,250	25,800
4,243,209	4,214,397	4,343,752	4,191,028	5,821,716	9,432,010	4,387,612

Schedule of Assessed Valuations, Tax Rates, Tax Extensions and Tax Collections Last Ten Tax Levy Years June 30, 2024

	2014	2015	2016	
Assessed Valuations	\$ 1,073,019,852	1,105,409,779	1,178,835,794	
Tax Rates				
General	0.3874	0.3963	0.3689	
Audit	0.3071	0.5705	0.5009	
Building Maintenance	0.0084	0.0110	0.0116	
IMRF	0.0312	0.0202	0.0187	
Social Security	0.0163	0.0115	0.0148	
Liability Insurance				
Tort Judgement	_		_	
Workers' Compensation	_		_	
Unemployment	_			
1 5				
Total Tax Rates	0.4433	0.4390	0.4140	
Tax Extensions				
General	4,156,879	4,380,739	4,348,725	
Audit	—	—		
Building Maintenance	90,134	121,595	136,745	
IMRF	334,782	223,293	220,442	
Social Security	174,902	127,122	174,468	
Liability Insurance	—	—	—	
Tort Judgement	—	—	—	
Workers' Compensation	—	—	—	
Unemployment				
Total Tax Extensions	4,756,697	4,852,749	4,880,380	
Collections	4,728,758	4,846,648	4,868,913	
Percent Collected	99.41%	99.87%	99.77%	

Data Source: Office of the County Clerk Note: Rates are per \$1,000 of Assessed Value

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
1,207,428,945	1,243,518,289	1,267,612,883	1,321,712,761	1,336,109,673	1,386,436,183	1,432,565,614
0.3242	0.3190	0.2927	0.2857	0.2879	0.2979	0.2987
0.0126						_
0.0130	0.0041	0.0092	0.0062	0.0060	_	0.0035
0.0113	0.0102	0.0126	0.0129	0.0128	0.0125	0.0123
—						—
—	—	—	—	—		—
	—	—	—	—		—
0.3611	0.3333	0.3145	0.3048	0.3067	0.3104	0.3145
0.5011	0.0000	0.0110	0.2010	0.2007	0.0101	0.5110
3,914,485	3,966,823	3,710,303	3,776,133	3,846,659	4,130,194	4,287,669
—	—	—				
152,136						
156,966	50,984	116,620	81,946	80,167	172.204	50,140
136,439	126,839	159,719	170,501	171,022	173,304	176,206
—	—	—	_	_		
			_	_		
_	_	_	_	_		
4,360,026	4,144,646	3,986,642	4,028,580	4,097,848	4,303,498	4,514,015
4,353,359	4,138,681	3,981,235	4,022,196	4,091,763	4,294,278	2,363,505
00.950/	00.960/	00.960/	00.040/	00.950/	00.700/	50 260/
99.85%	99.86%	99.86%	99.84%	99.85%	99.79%	52.36%